PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

From the INTERNATIONAL SEARCHING AUTHO	RITY				
To: JEFFREY J. RICHMOND		PCT			
STOLOWITZ FORD COWGER LLP 621 SW MORRISON, SUITE 600 PORTLAND, OR 97205		WRITTEN OPINION OF THE INTERNATIONAL SEARCHING AUTHORITY			
			(PCT Rule 43bis.1)		
		Date of mailing (day/month/year)	12 SEP 2008		
Applicant's or agent's file reference		FOR FURTHER ACTION See paragraph 2 below			
5087-1088			Priority date (day/month/year)		
International application No. PCT/US 08/60681	International filing date 17 April 2008 (17.0		17 April 2007 (17.04.2007)		
International Patent Classification (IPC) of IPC(8) - G11C 11/34 (2008.04) USPC - 365/185.2	r both national classifica	tion and IPC			
Applicant CYPRESS SEMICOND	UCTOR CORPORA	TION			
This opinion contains indications rel	ating to the following iter	ms:			
Box No. 1 Basis of the op	inion				
Box No. 11 Priority			t is described and industries		
1 =		ard to novelty, inventive	step and industrial applicability		
Box No. IV Lack of unity of invention Box No. V Reasoned statement under Rule 43 bis. 1(a)(i) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability;					
citations and explanations supporting such statement					
	Box No. VI Certain documents cited Box No. VII Certain defects in the international application				
Box No. VII Certain detects in the international application Box No. VIII Certain observations on the international application					
2. FURTHER ACTION If a demand for international preliminary examination is made, this opinion will be considered to be a written opinion of the					
other than this one to be the IPEA a	and the chosen IPEA has sing Authority will not be	notified the internation so considered.	ai Bureau under Rule 00.1015(b) that written		
If this opinion is, as provided above, considered to be a written opinion of the IPPA, the applicant is invited to submit to the IPEA a written reply together, where appropriate, with amendments, before the expiration of 23 months from the date of mailting of Form PCT/ISA/220 or before the expiration of 22 months from the priority date, whichever expires later.					
For further options, see Form PCT/	ISA/220.				
3. For further details, see notes to Form PCT/ISA/220.					
Name and mailing address of the ISA/U	S Date of completion of	f this opinion	Authorized officer:		
Mail Stop PCT, Alin. ISA/US Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 O9 September 2			Lee W. Young		

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WRITTEN OPINION OF THE INTERNATIONAL SEARCHING AUTHORITY

nternational	application	No.
PCT/US (08/60681	

Box	No.	1	Basis of this opinion
_			ard to the language, this opinion has been established on the basis of:
1.	MIT.		ne international application in the language in which it was filed.
		a	translation of the international appreciation into which is the language of a anslation furnished for the purposes of international search (Rules 12.3(a) and 23.1(b)).
2.		T to	his opinion has been established taking into account the rectification of an obvious mistake authorized by or notified this Authority under Rule 91 (Rule 43bts.1(a))
3.	Wit	h reg iblish	ard to any nucleotide and/or amino acid sequence disclosed in the international application, this opinion has been ed on the basis of:
	a.	type	of material
		Ш	a sequence listing
			table(s) related to the sequence listing
	b.	form	at of material
	٠.		on paper
		百	in electronic form
		_	
	c.	time	of filing/furnishing
			contained in the international application as filed
			filed together with the international application in electronic form
			furnished subsequently to this Authority for the purposes of search
4			In addition, in the case that more than one version or copy of a sequence listing and/or table(s) relating thereto has been filed or farmished, the required statements that the information in the subsequent or additional copies is identical to that in the application as filed or does not go beyond the application as filed, as appropriate, were furnished.
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International application No. DOT/US OR/60681

Box No. V Reasoned statement under Rule citations and explanations suppo		ons supporti	ols.1(a)(i) with regard to novelty, invent ng such statement	live step or industrial applicability;
1. Statemen	nt			
Nove	tty (N)	Claims	None	YES
	,,	Claims	1-20	NO
Inver	ntive step (IS)	Claims	None	YES
		Claims	1-20	NO
Indu	strial applicability (IA)	Claims	1-20	YES
massiai appressinty (111)	Claims	None	NO	

Citations and explanations:

Claims 1-20 leck novelty under PCT Article 33(2) as being anticipated by US 7,034,603 B2 to Brady et al. (hereinafter Bredy).

As to claim 1, Brady teaches a system comprising: a controllable voltage generator to generate e power supply voltage (col. 6., in. 47-48); a system controller to determine a voltage level associated with the power supply voltage (cd. 6, in. 61-62), and profit controller voltage generator to generate the power supply voltage (with the controllable voltage generator to generate the power supply voltage with the determined voltage level (cd. 6, in. 61-62); and a floating gate reference device to generate an absolute voltage reference based, et least in pert, on the voltage level associated with the power supply voltage (abstract, col. 6, In. 54-55).

As to claim 2, Brady teaches a system, where the system controller is operable to generate voltage control signals identifying the voltage level for the power supply voltage (col. 6., In. 47-48), and the controllable voltage generator to generate the power supply voltage according to voltage control signals (col 6, in. 61-62).

As to claim 3, Brady teaches e system, including a comparator to compare the absolute voltage reference with e reference voltage and to generate a feedbeck signal according to the comparison (abstract, col. 6, in. 66-67), the system controller to generate the voltage control signals based, at least in part, on the feedback signal (col. 11, in. 66-67, col. 12, in. 1-4).

As to claim 4, Brady teaches a system, where the system controller is operable to receive the absolute voltage reference from the floating gete reference device and to generate the voltage control signals based, at least in part, on the absolute voltage reference (col. 8, in. 27-29).

As to claim 5, Brady teaches a system, including analog circuitry to perform one or more electrical operations responsive to the absolute voltage reference (col. 8, In. 27-29), where the system controller is operable to generate voltage control signals based, at least in part, on operational characteristics of the analog circuitry and the absolute voltage reference (abstract)

As to claim 6, Brady teaches a system, where the floating gate reference device includes: e tunneling device to generate a current according to the power supply voltage from the controllable voltage generator (col.8, In. 18-21); a storage cepecitor to store a floating voltage where charged by the current from the tunneling device and an output buffer to buffer the floating voltage and output the buffered floating voltage as the ebsolute reference voltage (col. 7, In. 50-53).

As to claim 7, Brady teaches a system, where the tunneling device is a transistor with e bulk region, source region, and drain region connected to receive the power supply voltage (col. 6, in.46-50), where the tunneling device is operable to provide the current to a gate region of the transistor when the power supply voltage exceeds a threshold voltage level (col. 8, In. 27-29).

As to claim 8, Brady teaches a method comprising: determining a voltage level associated with a power supply voltage (col. 6, In. 61-62); generating the power supply voltage to the determined voltage level (col. 6, In. 61-62); and generating an absolute voltage reference with a floating gate reference device based, at least in part, on the voltage level associated with the power supply voltage (abstract, col. 6, in.

As to claim 9, Brady teaches a method, further includes: generating voltage control signals identifying the voltage level associated with the power supply voltage responsive to the determining (col. 6., in. 47-48); and generating the power supply voltage according to voltage control signals (col 6, In. 61-62)

As to claim 10, Brady teaches a method which includes: receiving the absolute voltage reference from the floating gate reference device (abstract, col. 6, in. 66-67); and generating the voltage signals based, at least in part, on the absolute voltage reference (col. 11, in. 66-67, col. 12, In. 1-4).

As to claim 11, Brady teaches a method, further includes: comparing the absolute voltage reference with a reference voltage; generating a feedback signal according to the comparison of the absolute voltage reference and the reference voltage (abstract, col. 6, In. 66-67); and generating the voltage control signals based, at least in part, on the feedback signal (col. 11, In. 66-67, col. 12, In. 1-4).

--(Continued in Supplemental Box)--

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WRITTEN OPINION OF THE INTERNATIONAL SEARCHING AUTHORITY

International application No.

Supp	lemen	tel	Box

In case the space in any of the preceding boxes is not sufficient.

Continuation of: Box V. 2. Citations and explanations:

As to claim 12, Brady teaches a method, further includes providing the absolute voltage reference to analog circultry, the analog circultry to perform one or more electrical operations responsive to the absolute voltage reference (abstract).

As to claim 13, Brady teaches a method, further includes generating voltage control signals based, at least in part, on operational characteristics of the analog circuitry (abstract, col. 9, In. 27-34).

As to claim 14, Brady teaches a system comprising: A system controller to determine a voltage level associated with a controllable power supply voltage (cot. 6, in. 61-62); a floating gate reference device to generate an absolute voltage reference based, at least in part, on the controllable power supply voltage (abstract, cot. 6, in. 54-55); and enalog circuitry to perform one ore more electrical operations responsive to the absolute voltage reference from the floating gate reference device (abstract, cot. 9, in. 27-34).

As to claim 15, Brady teaches a system, where the system controller is operable to receive the absolute voltage reference from the floating gate reference device (lebstract, col. 6, in. 66-67) and to generate the voltage control signals based, at least in part, on the absolute voltage reference (col. 11, in. 66-70, col. 12, in. 1-4).

As to claim 16, Brady teaches a system, including a comparator to compare the absolute voltage reference with a reference voltage end to generate a feedback signal according to the comparison (abstract, col. 6, in. 66-67), the system controller to generate the voltage control signals based, a fleest in part, on the feedback signal (col. 11, in. 66-67), on 12, in. 1-43.

As to cleim 17, Brady teaches a system, where the system controller is operable to generate voltage control signals based, at least in part, on operational characteristics of the analog circulity and the feedback signal (ebstract).

As to claim 18, Brady teaches a system, where the floating gate reference device includes: a tunneling device to generate a current according to the controllable power supply voltage (col.8, in. 18-21); a storage element to store a floating voltage when charged by the current from the tunneling device; and an output biffer coupled to the storage element and the tunneling device; the out put buffer to buffer the floating voltage and to output the buffered floating voltage as the absolute reference voltage (col. 7, in. 50-53).

As to claim 19, Brady teaches a system, where the tunneling device is a transistor with a bulk region, source region, and drain region connected to receive the controllable power supply voltage (col. 6, in.46-50), where the tunneling device is operable to provide the current to e gate region of the transistor when the controllable power supply voltage exceeds a threshold voltage lend (col. 6, in. 27-29).

As to cleim 20, Brady teaches a system, where a voltage level of the floating voltage corresponds to a size of the storage element and the current from the tunneling device (col.8, in. 18-21).

Claims 1 - 20 have industrial epplicability as defined by PCT Article 33(4) because the subject matter can be made or used in industry.

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